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URBAN DISTRICT
OF
SOWERBY BRIDGE



MEDICAL OFFICER'S
ANNUAL REPORT
ON THE
Health and Sanitary State
of the District
FOR THE YEAR 1937

SOWERBY BRIDGE :
WM. ACKROYD, PRINTER, TOWN HALL BUILDINGS.

1938.

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Urban District Council of Sowerby Bridge

PUBLIC HEALTH COMMITTEE.

December 31st, 1937.

Councillor A. F. Longbottom, J.P.

(Chairman of the Council)

„ E. Butterworth

(Vice-Chairman of the Council)

„ A. Sutcliffe

(Chairman of the Health Committee)

„ J. W. Whiteley, J.P.

„ T. Haigh

„ J. T. Mitchell

„ J. Noble

„ G. W. Tucker, J.P.

„ C. W. Maude, J.P.

„ G. Sharpe

„ S. Greenwood

„ R. H. Howarth

„ G. A. Roberts

„ R. J. Thomas

„ J. E. Crabtree

„ S. Nicholl

„ H. Sutcliffe

„ A. Butterworth

„ E. D. Hall

„ J. Grayshan

„ E. Wigglesworth

PUBLIC HEALTH DEPARTMENT.

Chairman : Mr. Councillor A. Sutcliffe

Medical Officer of Health :

ANDREW OSWALD JOLLIE,

L.R.C.P., L.R.C.S. (Edin.), L.R.F.P. & S. (Glas.)

Sanitary Inspector : WILLIAM ERIC FOSTER,

Cert. S.I.B., M.R. San. I.

Urban District of Sowerby Bridge.

Statistical Summary.

Area of the District in Acres	..	...	...	...	4,856
Rateable Value	...	...	...	...	£83,616
Sum represented by Penny Rate	...	...	...	...	£315
The Altitude varies from 230 ft. to 1,250 ft. above Sea level.					
Latitude, 53 deg. 42 N.			Longitude, 1 deg. 56 W.		
Population	...	...	...	...	18,688
Birth Rate, 1937	...	...	...	...	13·05
„ „ 1936	...	...	...	...	11·40
„ „ 1935	...	...	...	...	10·30
Death Rate, 1937	...	...	...	...	15·62
„ „ 1936	...	...	...	...	14·10
„ „ 1935	...	...	...	...	14·80
Deaths of Infants under 1 year of age, 1937	...	...	...	...	12
„ „ „ „ 1936	...	...	...	...	13
„ „ „ „ 1935	...	...	...	...	4

The following figures indicate the extent of Unemployment in the District for the last 5 years :—

Number of persons unemployed—at 31st Dec., 1933	...	1,005
ditto.	ditto. 1934	935
ditto.	ditto. 1935	648
ditto.	ditto. 1936	603
ditto.	ditto. 1937	1,176

The main Industries of the District are Cotton Spinning and Doubling, Worsted Spinning and Weaving, and General Textile work.

There has been rather a shortage of work in the Textile Industry, as the above Unemployment figures show.

REPORT OF THE Medical Officer of Health For the Year ending 1937.

TO THE CHAIRMAN AND MEMBERS OF THE PUBLIC HEALTH
COMMITTEE.

SIR AND GENTLEMEN,

I have pleasure to present to you my Annual Report as Medical Officer of Health, on the Health and Statistics of your District for the Year ending December 31st, 1937.

VITAL STATISTICS.

The following extracts of Births and Deaths are taken from the Returns as furnished by the Registrar-General after the correction for inward and outward transfers :-

		Total	M.	F.
Live Births	{ Legitimate ...	236 ...	128 ...	108
	{ Illegitimate ...	6 ...	4 ...	2
		<hr/> 242	<hr/> 132	<hr/> 110

Birth Rate per 1,000
of the estimated resident population ... 13·05

		Total	M.	F.
Still Births	... ..	13 ...	9 ...	4

Rate per 1,000 total (live and still births) ... 50·98

				Total		M.		F.
Deaths	...	...	...	292	...	143	...	149

Death Rate per 1,000
of the estimated resident population ... 15·62

Deaths from Puerperal causes :-

			Deaths	Rate per 1,000 total (live and still) births
Puerperal sepsis	...		Nil	Nil
Other Puerperal causes			1	3·91
Total	...	...	<u>1</u>	<u>3·91</u>

Death Rate of Infants under one year of age :-

All Infants per 1,000 live births	...	...	49·5
Legitimate Infants per 1,000 legitimate live births			50·8
Illegitimate Infants per 1,000 illegitimate live births			Nil

Deaths from Cancer (all ages)	...	...	46
Deaths from Measles (all ages)	...	...	Nil
Deaths from Whooping Cough (all ages)		...	Nil
Deaths from Diarrhoea (under two years of age)			Nil

The following table shows the number of births and deaths, as well as the birth-rates and death-rates for the past five years —

Year		Births		Birth-rate		Deaths		Death-rate
1933	...	165	...	11·2	...	226	...	15·4
1934	...	171	...	11·6	...	175	...	11·8
1935	...	150	...	10·3	...	216	...	14·8
1936	...	164	...	11·5	...	201	...	14·1
1937	...	242	...	12·9	...	292	...	15·6
Average for } five years }		178	...	11·5	..	220	...	14·3

Twenty-three Inquests have been held during the year, being equal to 8·07% of the total deaths.

Of the twelve deaths of Infants under one year of age, they may all be classed as unavoidable, the majority of them occurring in the first week after birth, and being due, in most cases, to premature birth, congenital defects, broncho-pneumonia, etc. The following is a table of infant mortality for the past five years :

1937	1936	1935	1934	1933	Resident
8	6	1	1	4	Under 1 week
1	1	2	2	3	1 week to 1 month
1	1	0	1	1	1 to 3 months
1	3	1	0	1	3 to 9 months
1	2	0	0	1	9 to 12 months
12	13	4	4	10	

The 292 deaths which occurred in the area consist of 182 registered in your district, and 110 deaths of persons who died outside the Area but whose homes are in this district.

The 110 deaths of the residents which occurred outside this area took place in Public Institutions in Halifax, the West Riding Asylums, and other places of a similar kind.

Table of Deaths at subjoined ages :-

1937	1936	1935	1934	1933	
12	13	4	2	10	Under 1 year
4	1	2	4	3	1 to 5 years
4	4	1	2	3	5 to 15 „
12	7	4	4	7	15 to 25 „
118	74	74	78	82	25 to 65 „
98	54	85	47	56	65 to 75 „
44	48	46	38	65	Over 75 „
292	201	216	175	226	

The following table gives various items and corresponding figures in England and Wales, with the figures prevailing in your district :-

1937.	Birth-rate	Death-rate	Cancer Death-rate	Diphtheria Death-rate	Infantile Mortality Death-rate	Inquests % of Deaths
Smaller Towns England & Wales	14·9	12·4	—	·07	5·8	—
Sowerby Bridge...	13·05	15·6	2·4	—	4·9	8·07

The general health of the district has been good, and there has been no Infectious Disease prevalent during the year.

CLINICS and TREATMENT CENTRES.

Child Welfare Centres are available at Sowerby Bridge and at Luddendenfoot. These Centres serve the whole of Sowerby Bridge, Luddendenfoot, Midgley, and part of the Luddenden district of Halifax, together with parts of Mytholmroyd. The Centres continue their activities with zeal and much success.

Tuberculosis Dispensaries are held twice weekly at the West Riding County Council's Dispensary in Sowerby Bridge.

Venereal Diseases are treated at the Royal Halifax Infirmary.

General Provisions of Health Services for the Area.

The Public Health Office is situate at the Council Offices, Hollings Mill Lane, Sowerby Bridge. Office hours, 9-15 a.m.—10-15 a.m. and 4-30 p.m.—5-30 p.m.; Saturdays, 9 a.m.—10 a.m.

Medical Officer of Health—Dr. A. O. JOLLIE,
L.R.C.P., L.R.C.S. (Edin.), L.R.F.P. & S. (Glas.)

Sanitary Inspector—WM. E. FOSTER,
Cert. S.I.B., M.R. San. I.

All Laboratory work is carried out at the County Hall, Wakefield.

ISOLATION HOSPITALS.

Infectious disease in Sowerby Bridge, Sowerby, and Triangle is dealt with at the Clifton Isolation Hospital, Brighouse, and at the Fielden Hospital, Todmorden; whilst in Luddendenfoot all their cases are treated at Northowram Isolation Hospital, Halifax. Other diseases such as Pneumonia, &c., are treated at the Halifax General Hospital. Accommodation is also reserved for cases of Smallpox at the Halifax Smallpox Hospital, Mount Tabor—the controlling authority for the latter Hospitals being the Halifax County Borough.

GENERAL HOSPITALS AND INSTITUTIONS.

General and accident cases are conveyed to the Royal Halifax Infirmary, and Maternity cases are dealt with at the Halifax General Hospital. The accident cases are conveyed to the Infirmary in an “Austin 20” Ambulance. This service for accidents is free, and for general sickness the charge is 1/- per mile. The conveyance for the Infectious Diseases is free in all cases.

SANITARY CIRCUMSTANCES of the Area.

1. (a) WATER. The water supply, as supplied to Sowerby Bridge, is taken from the Halifax County Borough, and is distributed by the Sowerby Bridge Urban District Council—this supplies approximately 4,000 houses. During the year this water supply has been sampled and found to be pure according to the Ministry of Health standard, and satisfactory both in quality and quantity. The Norland portion of the Area is supplied by Springs and a Reservoir, the Reservoir supplying approximately 150 houses. This has been sampled and found to be suitable for domestic use according to the Ministry of Health standard. Since a new source has been located the supply is satisfactory in sufficiency for the present requirements.

Extensions of the water mains have taken place at Beechwood Housing Estate and the Wakefield Road (Norland View) Housing Estate, both of which are satisfactory.

Many of the properties in Sowerby and Luddendenfoot are still supplied by Springs and private supplies. The Springs have been sampled and have from time to time proved unsatisfactory, especially with regard to the supplies on the Sowerby side. This, however, is clearing itself up as the owners of the properties concerned have now taken steps to have a piped supply laid on, and upon investigation this has proved to be suitable and sufficient in many cases. A number of other supplies are being repaired and the runs altered, and further inspection will be made when the works are completed.

During the year 22 samples have been taken—20 for Bacteriological examination and 2 for Chemical analysis. Of the 20 samples for Bacteriological examination, 12 were pure and 8 polluted; while both of the samples for Chemical analysis were found to be pure. In the case of the polluted samples, the necessary action was taken to remedy these.

(b) DRAINAGE AND SEWAGE. Extensions to the sewer have taken place at the Beechwood Housing Estate and at the Wakefield Road (Norland View) Housing Estate.

The remote parts of the District, such as Norland and Sowerby (rural portions), still require sewerage, and there have been no alterations or extensions other than those stated above.

The Sewage Disposal Works, which are situate at Milner Royd, Sowerby Bridge, and which are worked on the Activated Sludge principle, still continue to give satisfaction, both as regards efficiency and adequacy. There has been no complaint from the Rivers Board during the year.

2. RIVERS AND STREAMS. No action has been taken in the District with regard to the above matter.

3. (a) CLOSET ACCOMMODATION. In the District there are approximately 4,123 Water Closets and 43 Waste Water Closets. There are also 530 Pail Closets, 11 Privies, and 121 Privies with Middens. During the year 60 new Water Closets were constructed for new property. There has been no special action taken by the Council to secure the conversion of Waste Water Closets, Privies, or Pail Closets to the Water Carriage System, although there have been 21 Privies converted to Water Closets.

(b) PUBLIC CLEANSING. The Scavenging of the District is carried out jointly by the Council and Contractors.

The Council have for this purpose two mechanical Refuse Collectors and one horse-drawn Collector, whilst the Contractors have a mechanical Vehicle and a Horse and Cart.

The refuse is disposed of in the following manner :

I.	By complete incineration	...	...	85%
II.	By tipping	...	...	12%
III.	By farmers (rural portions)...	..		3%

All tipping is carried out on the Controlled Tipping System, and there have been no complaints with regard to these tips during the year.

The following is a table showing the amount of refuse which has been collected and disposed of during the year :

ASHBINS	ASHPITS	PAIL CLOSETS
140,768	2,336	24,944

This is equivalent to 11,802 loads removed to the Destructor and Tips, the amount being approximately 6,772 tons of refuse.

The total annual cost for the collection of this refuse is £2,653

(c) SANITARY INSPECTION OF THE AREA.

GENERAL SANITATION :

Drainage	...	...	...	...	50
Stables and Piggeries	...	...	...	...	4
Offensive Trades and Fried Fish shops	...	...	...	...	39
Tents, Vans and Sheds	...	...	...	...	34
Factories	...	...	...	...	7
Workshops	...	...	...	...	11
Workplaces	...	...	...	...	9
Outworkers	...	...	...	...	7
Bakehouses	...	...	...	...	18
Theatres and Places of Entertainment	...	...	...	...	2
Refuse Collection	...	...	...	...	40
Refuse Disposal	...	...	...	...	3
Miscellaneous Sanitary Visits	...	...	...	...	97

INFECTIOUS DISEASE :

Inquiries in Cases of Infectious Disease ...	68
Visits re Disinfection	50
Miscellaneous Infectious Disease Visits ...	5
	<hr/>
	123
	<hr/>

NOTICES SERVED :

Number of Informal Notices served ...	57
Number of Informal Notices complied with	56
Number of Statutory Notices served ...	12
Number of Statutory Notices complied with	12

(d) SHOPS.

The work in connection with the Shops Act, 1934, is carried on under the direction of the West Riding County Council Shop Inspector. On his request 9 visits have been made to various Shops under Sections 10 and 13 of the Shops Act, 1934. As a result of the 9 visits, unsatisfactory conditions were found, and these cases were then remedied.

(e) SMOKE ABATEMENT.

During the year, 196 smoke observations, each of 30 minutes duration, were taken of the various chimneys in the district. Of these observations there were 26 which showed the emission of dense smoke in excess of the permitted period, and in each of these cases cautions were sent to the offenders. In no case was the service of a statutory notice necessary.

(f) SWIMMING BATHS AND POOLS.

There is one Public Swimming Bath in the area, and no private Pool or Bath. The public bath water was sampled on four occasions and each time it proved to be satisfactory.

(g) ERADICATION OF BED BUGS

During the year the Council's Housing Estates have been visited from time to time and investigations made in connection with the above, but in no case has property been found to be infested. There have, however, been 52 houses privately owned found to be infested, and in all cases disinfestation has been carried out. The methods employed for this work are a Low Toxic Gas, namely, Cimex, and various sprays, Talfacto (FF) and Pyagra. These appliances have proved satisfactory and efficient in every way. To ensure the cleanliness of furniture, bedding, etc., from Slum Clearance property before removal to the Council's Estate all the furniture is gassed in a sealed van with Cimex Gas, and the beddings, etc., are treated in the Council's Steam Disinfector. The work of disinfestation is carried out by the Council and by a Contractor ; in the case of infested houses the work is invariably carried out by the Local Authority ; whilst the work of removing Slum Clearance tenants and the furniture is carried out by Cimex Ltd. All families rehoused on the Council's Estates are visited from time to time by the Sanitary Inspector, and advice is offered at the Public Health Department on measures to be taken in prevention of re-infestation, and insecticide for this prevention is offered free.

(h) NUISANCE INSPECTIONS.

Regular inspection of the district has taken place for the detection of Nuisances. As a result of this inspection 159 nuisances have been found ; these, together with three nuisances in hand from 1936, have all been attended to. Many of the nuisances were abated on verbal notice. There were, however, 57 informal notices served, and 12 statutory notices served ; of these notices all the statutory notices were complied with, and 56 of the informal notices were complied with before the year end. Of the 162 nuisances requiring abating there were two outstanding at the year end.

4. SCHOOLS.

The Schools of this district are subject to a Medical inspection by the County Education Authority, and in addition to these inspections eight visits have been made to the various schools of the district, and seven of the schools were closed as a preventative measure against an outbreak of infectious disease.

HOUSING.

1.	INSPECTION OF DWELLING HOUSES during the year.	
(1)	(a) Total number of dwelling-houses inspected for housing defects (under Public Health and Housing Acts)	305
	(b) Number of inspections for that purpose	347
(2)	(a) Number of dwelling-houses (included under sub-head (1) above) which were inspected and recorded under the Housing Consolidated Regulations, 1925 ...	67
	(b) No. of inspections made for the purpose	93
(3)	Number of dwelling-houses found to be in a state so dangerous or injurious to health as to be unfit for human habitation ...	149
(4)	Number of dwelling-houses (exclusive of those referred to under the preceding sub-head) found not to be in all respects reasonably fit for human habitation ...	63
2.	REMEDY OF DEFECTS during the year without the service of Formal Notice.	
	Number of defective dwelling-houses rendered fit in consequence of informal action by the Local Authority and the Officers	7

3. ACTION UNDER STATUTORY POWERS during the year.

(a) Proceedings under Sections 9, 10, and 16 of the Housing Act, 1936.

(1) Number of dwelling-houses in respect of which notices were served requiring repairs	63
--	----

(2) Number of dwellinghouses in which defects were remedied after service of formal notice :—

(a) By Owners	nil
----------------------	-----

(b) By Local Authority in default of owners	nil
--	-----

(b) Proceedings under the Public Health Acts.

(1) Number of dwelling-houses in respect of which notices were served requiring defects to be remedied	41
---	----

(2) Number of dwelling-houses in which defects were remedied after service of formal notice :—

(a) By Owners	12
----------------------	----

(b) By Local Authority in default of Owner... ..	nil
--	-----

(c) Proceedings under Sections 11 and 13 of the Housing Act, 1936.

(1) Number of dwelling-houses in respect of which Demolition Orders were made ...	nil
---	-----

(2) Number of dwellinghouses demolished in pursuance of Demolition Orders ...	nil
---	-----

(d) Proceedings under Section 12 of the Housing Act, 1936.

(1) Number of separate tenements or underground rooms in respect of which Closing Orders were made	4
---	---

(2) Number of separate tenements or underground rooms in respect of which Closing Orders were determined, the tenement or room having been rendered fit ...	nil
---	-----

4. Housing Act, 1936. Part IV.—OVERCROWDING.

(a)	(i)	Number of dwellings overcrowded at the end of the year	... ..	102
	(ii)	Number of families dwelling therein	...	107
	(iii)	Number of persons dwelling therein	...	587
(b)		Number of new cases of Overcrowding reported during the year	... ..	nil
(c)	(i)	Number of cases of overcrowding relieved during the year	... ..	56
	(ii)	Number of persons concerned in such cases		298
(d)		Particulars of any case in which dwelling- houses have again been overcrowded after the Local Authority have taken steps for the abatement of overcrowding :--		

A number of dwelling-houses have during the year become overcrowded. These have been attended to and de-crowded within fourteen days.

CLEARANCE ORDERS.

During the year the following have been declared Clearance Areas :—

East Ward (No. 8)—Chapel Lane, Wakefield Road,
Walker Lane.

East Ward (No. 9)—Bolton Brow, Park Street, Willow
Street.

East Ward (No. 10)—Fall Lane.

Central Ward (No. 11)—Grange Place.

Central Ward (No. 12)—Baldwins Yard.

Central Ward (No. 13)—Back Wharf Street.

South Ward (No. 14)—Walton Street.

East Ward (No. 15)—Mearclough Cottages.

Central Ward (No. 16)—Corporation Street.

Central Ward (No. 17)—Back Wharf Street.

The above areas include 158 Houses and a population of 484.

Special activity in building has taken place at Beechwood for the re-housing of the tenants in the above areas.

40 families have been re-housed from the Clearance Areas 1 to 7, declared in 1936. The remaining families are to be re-housed at Beechwood.

INSPECTION and SUPERVISION of FOOD.

(a) MILK SUPPLY.

Regular Inspections of the various cowsheds, etc., in the district have been made throughout the year, and the general conditions found were good. The County Veterinary Officer has examined all milk cows in the Area regularly, and has reported that he is well satisfied with the method of production, handling, etc., of the milk, and also with the cleanliness of the beasts and utensils.

The following table shows the number of cowkeepers, etc., in the district :-

Number of cowkeepers in the district	...	...	84
Total number of cowsheds	...	...	103
Average number of milk cows	...	...	564
Total number of cowsheds inspected during the year			309
Total number of cowshed inspections	...	...	242
Number of wholesale traders registered	...	...	33
Number of retail sellers of milk registered		...	119

Samples of milk have been regularly taken : for the Methylene Blue test and for the presence of Tuberculosis. In all, 27 samples for the Methylene Blue test and four for the presence of Tuberculosis have been taken. Of the 27 samples for the Methylene Blue test, 12 were found to be unsatisfactory, and 15 were satisfactory. In the cases of the unsatisfactory samples, instructions were given to the various cowkeepers concerned and further samples taken, which proved to be satisfactory. On examination for the presence of Tuberculosis of the four samples taken, two proved satisfactory and two showed the presence of Tuberculosis. In the latter cases the necessary action was taken.

In addition to the Milk wholesalers and retailers as previously set out, there is one tuberculin-tested farm and four accredited farms in the Area, the controlling Authority being the West Riding County Council.

(b) MEAT AND OTHER FOODS.

All slaughterhouses, shops, stalls, etc., where meat or other food is deposited for preparation for food, or is deposited for sale as such, have been regularly inspected during the year. No action has been necessary on this matter.

A list of inspections is set out as follows :-

INSPECTION OF MEAT.

Visits to Slaughterhouses	..	...	475
Market Inspections	...	...	107

Total			582

CARCASES INSPECTED.

	Bovines	Calves	Ovines	Pigs	
Number killed	1403	24	2783	1340	= 5550
Number inspected	1403	24	2783	1340	
All diseases except Tuberculosis :					
Whole carcasses condemned	1	2	3	1	} 15
Carcase of which some part or organ was condemned	47	Nil	43	27	
Percentage of the number inspected affected with dis- ease other than tuberculosis	3.49%	8.33%	1.65%	2.09%	
Tuberculosis only :					
Whole carcasses condemned	7	1	Nil	Nil	} 543
Carcasses of which some part or organ was condemned	259	Nil	Nil	167	
Percentage of the number inspected affected with Tuberculosis... ..	18.96%	4.16%	Nil	12.43%	

The total amount of meat which was surrendered during the year as unfit for food was 5 tons, 3 cwts., 3 qrs., 23 lbs. In addition to this there were three tins of fruit, six boxes of onions, one box of rhubarb, $\frac{1}{2}$ stone of herrings, one box of bloaters, one box of kippers, and $22\frac{1}{2}$ lbs. of codfish surrendered as being unsound or unfit for food.

VISITS TO :—

Butchers	40
Fishmongers and Poulterers	6
Grocers	4
Greengrocers and Fruiterers	10
Cowsheds	242
Dairies and Milkshops	23
Ice Cream premises	5
Restaurants	2
Street Vendors and Hawkers' Carts ...	4
	<hr/>
	336
	<hr/>

Prevalence of, and control over, INFECTIOUS and OTHER DISEASES.

The following table gives particulars of the various diseases set out under the age groups :-

Age period	Smallpox	Scarlett Fever	Diphtheria	Enteric Fever (inc. Paratyphoid)	Puerperal Fever (inc. Puer. Pyrexia)	Pneumonia	Erysipelas
0	—	—	—	—	—	2	—
1	—	3	2	—	—	—	—
5	—	30	4	—	—	2	—
15	—	4	2	—	—	2	—
25	—	2	—	—	—	1	1
35	—	—	1	—	1	—	1
45	—	—	—	—	—	5	1
55	—	—	—	—	—	5	1
65 & upwards	—	—	—	—	—	5	1
Totals	—	39	9	—	1	22	5

Of the above diseases, sixteen deaths were recorded due to Pneumonia.

As the above particulars indicate, no cases of Small-pox or Typhoid Fever were reported in the district.

TUBERCULOSIS.

The following table gives particulars of the new cases of Tuberculosis (Respiratory and Non-Respiratory) and the deaths from the disease which occurred in the area during the year :--

Age period	New Cases				Deaths			
	Respiratory		Non-Respiratory		Respiratory		Non-Respiratory	
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
0								
1								
5	1	2						
15						1		
25	1							1
35	3	1					1	
45	1							
55					1			
	6	3			1	1	1	1

The number of notifications received during the year for Respiratory and Non-respiratory Tuberculosis totals 13. Of this number 4 died, together with 7 cases notified previously, bringing the total number of deaths due to Tuberculosis up to 11 ; the death-rate per 1,000 of the population being .59.

The following table shows the number of notified cases on the Register on December 31st, 1937.

Total Cases	Pulmonary			Non-Pulmonary		
	Males	Females	Total	Males	Females	Total
122	48	44	92	20	10	30

CANAL BOATS.

Canal Boats Acts, 1877 and 1884. Canal Boats Regulations, 1878.

There are five Canal Boats on the Register in this district, and these have from time to time been examined. There was no contravention of the Acts and Regulations. No infectious disease was found amongst the occupants of the boats.

The Canal Boats are not used as dwellings, but for the haulage of coal.

No further registrations have been granted this year.

RATS AND MICE DESTRUCTION ACT, 1919.

Special activity has been made with regard to ridding the district of these rodents.

The tips and dis-used quarries in the area, together with farms and dwellinghouses, have been baited from time to time, and altogether approximately 3000 baits have been laid. Information regarding Rat-proofing of buildings may be obtained from the Sanitary Inspector, at the Council Offices, Sowerby Bridge.

In conclusion, Gentlemen, I beg to thank you for your unfailing courtesy at all time. I am also indebted to your Sanitary Inspector, Mr. W. E. Foster, for his valuable assistance in preparing this Report.

I am, Gentlemen,

Your obedient servant,

A. O. JOLLIE.

